



Huawei CloudEngine 16800 Switch Datasheet

Product Overview

Product Appearance

The CloudEngine 16800 series is available in three models: CloudEngine 16804, CloudEngine 16808, and CloudEngine 16816.



Product Characteristics

The CloudEngine 16800 Provides Simplified Deployment, and Various SDN Features Implement Automatic Service Deployment

VXLAN and EVPN Enable Flexible Expansion Within and Across Data Centers

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports Border Gateway Protocol - Ethernet VPN (BGP-EVPN), which can run as the VXLAN control plane to simplify VXLAN deployment in data centers for the next 10 years.
- BGP-EVPN triggers automatic VXLAN tunnel setup between virtual tunnel endpoints (VTEPs), removing the need for full-mesh tunnel configuration. BGP-EVPN also reduces flooding of unknown traffic by advertising MAC routes on the control plane. With this protocol, large Layer 2 networks can be established for data centers.
- Because BGP-EVPN is a standard protocol, the CloudEngine 16800 is interoperable with devices from other vendors, enabling long-term network evolution.
- The CloudEngine 16800 supports centralized and distributed VXLAN deployment and supports various VXLAN access modes, including QinQ access VXLAN. This allows for flexible customization of heterogeneous networks.
- EVPN and VXLAN can be used to set up Layer 2 interconnections between data centers, enabling active-active VXLAN deployment across data centers and conserving DCI link bandwidth.
- The CloudEngine 16800 supports IP packet fragmentation and reassembly, enabling oversized IP packets to be transmitted over WANs without being limited by the MTU. The CloudEngine 16800 switches can also identify fragmented packets to seamlessly interconnect with routers.

Automatic and Simplified Deployment of VXLAN Dual-Stack Network Services

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports IPv4 and IPv6 networking, meeting requirements of two IPv6 evolution modes.
- For new data centers, the CloudEngine 16800 supports IPv6 service deployment on the underlay network. IPv4 services of tenants are gradually reconstructed.

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports IPv6 VXLAN over IPv4. In this case, network devices are reused, and services are smoothly evolved to IPv6 based on the existing IPv4 network.

ZTP, Implementing Automatic O&M

- CloudEngine 16800 series support Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP). ZTP enables the CloudEngine 16800 series to automatically obtain and load version files from a USB flash drive or file server, freeing network engineers from onsite configuration and deployment. ZTP reduces labor costs and improves device deployment efficiency.
- ZTP provides built-in scripts through open APIs. Data center personnel can use a programming language they are familiar with, such as Python, to centrally configure network devices.
- ZTP decouples the configuration time of new devices from the device quantity and area distribution, which improves service provisioning efficiency.

FabricInsight-based Intelligent O&M

- Huawei's Packet Conservation Algorithm for Internet (iPCA) technology implements accurate per-hop packet loss, delay, and jitter detection for real service flows, locating network faults in real time.
- The CloudEngine 16800 performs path detection over the entire network. It periodically checks sample flows to determine the connectivity of all paths on the network and locates fault points, providing realtime network health information.

The CloudEngine 16800 Is Secure and Reliable, Improving Network Service Stability

NSH-based SFC, providing security and flexible deployment

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports NSH-based SFC orchestration, which decouples service functions from networks. NSH-based SFC orchestration decouples service functions from networks.
- Security services can be flexibly deployed on the GUI and extended on demand, reducing routing policies on network devices and simplifying O&M.

Inter-device Link Aggregation, High Efficiency and Reliability

- CloudEngine 16800 series support multichassis link aggregation group (M-LAG), which enables links of multiple switches to aggregate into one to implement device-level link backup.
- Switches in an M-LAG system all work in active state to share traffic and back up each other, enhancing system reliability.
- Switches in an M-LAG system can be upgraded independently. During the upgrade, other switches in the system take over traffic forwarding to ensure uninterrupted services.
- M-LAG supports dual-homing to Ethernet, VXLAN, and IP networks, allowing for flexible networking.

Openness and Programmability Enable Agile Deployment and O&M

OPS Implements Programmability at the Control Plane

- The CloudEngine 16800 uses the Open Programmability System (OPS) embedded in the VRP8 software platform to provide programmability at the control plane.
- The OPS provides open APIs. APIs can be integrated with mainstream cloud platforms (including commercial and open cloud platforms). The OPS enables services to be flexibly customized and provides automatic management.
- Users or third-party developers can use open APIs to develop and deploy specialized network management policies to implement extension of fast service functions, automatic deployment, and intelligent management. The OPS also implements automatic operation and maintenance, and reduces management costs.
- The OPS provides seamless integration of data center service and network in addition to a service-oriented, software-defined networking.

Standard Interfaces Provide Openness and Interoperability

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports NETCONF/OpenFlow. It can work with Huawei Agile Controller.
- The CloudEngine 16800 provides the standard NETCONF interface for third-party software to invoke. This enables programming of functions and integration with third-party software, providing openness and flexibility.

- You can use CE modules for Ansible released on open-source websites and Ansible tools to automate network deployment, simplifying device management and maintenance. Through in-depth collaboration with mainstream cloud platforms, and O&M tools, the CloudEngine 16800 series switches can be integrated into SDN and cloud computing platforms flexibly and quickly.

Next-Generation Core Engine with the High Performance

1548Tbit/s Switching Capacity

- The CloudEngine 16800 supports GE, 10GE, 40GE, and 100GE interfaces. This high capacity can support sustainable development of cloud-computing data centers for the next 10 years.
- The CloudEngine 16800, together with the CloudEngine 8800, CloudEngine 7800, CloudEngine 6800, or CloudEngine 5800 series Top of Rack (TOR) switches, can implement the large non-blocking switching network, providing access for tens of thousands of GE/10GE/25GE servers.

Tbit/s-Level High-Density Line Cards

- Each line card provides up to 3.6Tbit/s forwarding capacity.
- The CloudEngine 16800 supports up to 36 x 100GE, 36 x 40GE, or 144 x 10GE line cards, which provide line-rate forwarding.
- The CloudEngine 16800 provides up to 576 x 100GE, 576 x 40GE, or 2304 x 10GE line-rate ports.

Advanced Architecture Ensures Industry-Leading Network Quality

High-Performance, Non-blocking Switching Architecture

- The CloudEngine 16800 uses a non-blocking switching architecture that is characterized by its orthogonal switch fabric design, Clos architecture, cell switching, and Virtual Output Queuing (VoQ).
- Backplane-free orthogonal switch fabric design: CloudEngine 16800 service line cards and SFUs use an orthogonal design in which service traffic between line cards is directly sent to the SFUs through orthogonal connectors. This design greatly improves system bandwidth and evolution capabilities, enabling the system switching capacity to scale to more than 100 Tbit/s.
- Clos architecture: The CloudEngine 16800's three-level Clos architecture permits flexible expansion of switch fabric capacity. The architecture uses Variable Size Cell (VSC) and provides dynamic routing. Load balancing among multiple switch fabrics prevents the switching matrix from being blocked and allows it to easily cope with complex, volatile traffic in data centers.
- VoQ: The CloudEngine 16800 supports VoQ queues that implement fine-grained Quality of Service (QoS) based on the switch fabrics. With the VoQ mechanism and large buffer on inbound interfaces, the CloudEngine 16800 creates independent VoQ queues on inbound interfaces to perform end-to-end flow control on traffic destined for different outbound interfaces. This method ensures unified service scheduling and sequenced forwarding and implements non-blocking switching.

Highly Reliable Industry-grade Hardware Architecture

- The CloudEngine 16800 has industrial-grade reliability and stability to ensure long-term service continuity.
- Hot backup of four key components: MPUs work in 1+1 hot backup mode. SFUs work in N+M hot backup mode. Power supplies support dual inputs and N+1 backup and have their own fans. Both fan trays work in 1+1 backup mode. Each fan tray has multiple fans working in 1+1 backup mode, ensuring efficient heat dissipation.
- Redundancy of three types of major buses: Monitoring, management, and data buses all work in 1+1 backup mode. Bus redundancy ensures reliable signal transmission.

High-Performance VRP8 Software Architecture

- The CloudEngine 16800 leverages Huawei's next-generation VRP8, a high-performance, highly reliable modular software platform that provides continuous services.
- Fine-grained distributed architecture: VRP8, a high-end software platform, uses a fine-grained, fully distributed architecture that can process network protocols and services concurrently using multiple instances. This architecture fully leverages multi-core/multi-CPU processes to maximize performance and reliability.

Pioneering Energy-saving Technology

Strict Front-to-Back Airflow Design

- The CloudEngine 16800 uses a patented front-to-back airflow design that isolates cold air channels from hot air channels. This design meets heat dissipation requirements in data center equipment rooms.
- The fan speed in each area can be dynamically adjusted based on the workload of line cards in the area. This on-demand cooling design lowers power consumption and reduces noise.

Low Power Consumption

- The CloudEngine 16800 uses innovative energy saving technologies. The port power consumption is half the industry average. This greatly reduces power consumption in the data center equipment room.

Efficient, Intelligent Power Supply System

- The CloudEngine 16800 incorporates efficient digital power modules, which provide power efficiency as high as 96%.
- The power supply system measures power consumption in real time and puts one or more power modules into sleep mode when system power demands are low.
- The CloudEngine 16800 can save energy dynamically by adjusting the power consumption of components to adapt to changes in service traffic volume.

Product Specifications

Functions and Features

Item	CloudEngine 16804	CloudEngine 16808	CloudEngine 16816
Switching capacity (Tbit/s)	43/387 ¹	86/774 ¹	173/1548 ¹
Forwarding rate (Mpps)	11,280	22,560	45,120
Service slots	4	8	16
Switching fabric module slots	6 (scalable to 9 for future expansion)		
Fabric architecture	Clos architecture, cell switching, VoQ		
Airflow design	Strict front-to-back		
Device virtualization	Virtual System (VS)		
	Cluster Switch System (CSS) ²		
Network virtualization	VXLAN routing and bridging		
	EVPN		
	QinQ access VXLAN		
SDN	Agile Controller		
Data center interconnect	BGP-EVPN		
Programmability	OPS programming		
	OpenFlow		

Item	CloudEngine 16804	CloudEngine 16808	CloudEngine 16816
	Ansible-based automatic configuration and open-source module release		
Traffic analysis	NetStream		
VLAN	Adding access, trunk, and hybrid interfaces to VLANs		
	Default VLAN		
	QinQ		
MAC address	Dynamic learning and aging of MAC address entries		
	Static, dynamic, and blackhole MAC address entries		
	Packet filtering based on source MAC addresses		
	MAC address limiting based on ports and VLANs		
IP routing	IPv4 routing protocols, such as RIP, OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP		
	IPv6 routing protocols, such as RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and BGP4+		
	IP packet fragmentation and reassembly		
IPv6	VXLAN over IPv6		
	IPv6 VXLAN over IPv4		
	IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (ND)		
	Path MTU Discovery (PMTU)		
	TCP6, IPv6 ping, IPv6 tracert, IPv6 socket, UDP6, and Raw IP6		
Multicast	IGMP, PIM-SM, PIM-DM, MSDP, and MBGP		
	IGMP snooping		
	IGMP proxy		
	Fast leaving of multicast member interfaces		
	Multicast traffic suppression		
	Multicast VLAN		
Reliability	Fine-grained microsegmentation isolation		
	Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)		
	M-LAG		
	STP, RSTP, VBST and MSTP		
	BPDU Guard		
	Smart Link and multi-instance		
	Device Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)		
	Hardware-based Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)		
	VRRP, VRRP load balancing, and BFD for VRRP		
	BFD for BGP/IS-IS/OSPF/Static route		
	BFD for VXLAN		

Item	CloudEngine 16804	CloudEngine 16808	CloudEngine 16816
NSH	IETF-defined NSH		
QoS	Traffic classification based on Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 4, and priority information		
	Actions including ACL, CAR, and re-marking		
	Queue scheduling modes such as PQ, DWRR, and PQ+DWRR		
	Congestion avoidance mechanisms, including WRED and tail drop		
	Traffic shaping		
O&M	iPCA		
	Telemetry		
	ERSPAN+		
	Network-wide path detection		
	Statistics on the buffer microburst status		
	VXLAN OAM: VXLAN ping and VXLAN tracet		
Configuration and maintenance	Console, Telnet, and SSH terminals		
	Network management protocols, such as SNMPv1/v2/v3		
	File upload and download through FTP and TFTP		
	BootROM upgrade and remote upgrade		
	Hot patches		
	User operation logs		
	Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP)		
Security and management	RADIUS and HWTACACS authentication for login users		
	Command line authority control based on user levels, preventing unauthorized users from using commands		
	Defense against MAC address attacks, broadcast storms, and heavy-traffic attacks		
	ICMP-based ping and traceroute		
	Port mirroring and flow mirroring		
	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON)		

» 1 Roadmap

» 2 For details about the configuration, please see: http://support.huawei.com/online/toolsweb/virtual/en/dc/stack_index.html?dcf

Performance and Scalability

Item ^d	CloudEngine 16800
Maximum number of MAC address entries	256K
Maximum number of Forwarding routes (FIB IPv4/ IPv6)	256K/80K
ARP table size	256K
Maximum number of VRF	8192

Item ^d	CloudEngine 16800
IPv6 ND(Neighbor Discovery) table size	80K
Maximum number of multicast routes (Multicast FIB IPv4/IPv6)	32K/NA
Maximum VRRP groups	4096
Maximum number of ECMP paths	128
Maximum number of broadcast domains	32000
Maximum number of BDIF	32000
Maximum number of tunnel endpoints (VTEP)	2000
Maximum number of lag group	1024
Maximum number of links in a lag group	128
Maximum number of MSTP instance	64

Note: This specification may vary between different scenarios. Please contact Huawei for details.^d

Hardware Specifications

Item	CloudEngine 16804	CloudEngine 16808	CloudEngine 16816
Dimensions (W x D x H, mm)	482.6 x 990.3 x 437.4 (10U)	482.6 x 990.3 x 703.6 (16U)	482.6 x 1149.2 x 1435.7 (32U)
Chassis weight (empty)	87.8 kg (193.7 lb)	123.9 kg (273.4 lb)	252.8 kg (557.8 lb)
Operating voltage	AC: 176V to 290V DC: -40V to -72V HVDC: 188V to 288V/260V to 400V		
Hot swappable (Power Modules)	Yes		
Max. power supply (W)	18000	30000	60000
Operating temperature	0°C to 40°C		
Nonoperating (storage) temperature	-40°C to +70°C		
Humidity	Long-term operating humidity: 5% to 85%, non-condensing Short-term operating humidity: 0% to 95%, non-condensing		
Altitude	Operating altitude:<1800m Storage altitude:<5000m		
MTBF	34.93 years	34.55 years	32.55 years
MTTR	1 hours		
MTTF	34.93 years	34.55 years	32.55 years
Availability	0.9999989924	0.9999916778	0.9999913594

Safety and Regulatory Compliance

The following table lists the safety and regulatory compliance of CloudEngine 16800 series switches.

Certification Category	Description
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Certification Category	Description
Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EN 60950-1 • EN 60825-1 • EN 60825-2 • UL 60950-1 • CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1 • IEC 60950-1 • AS/NZS 60950-1 • GB4943
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EN 300386 • EN 55032: CLASS A • EN 55024 • IEC/EN 61000-3-2 • IEC/EN 61000-3-3 • FCC 47CFR Part15 CLASS A • ICES-003: CLASS A • CISPR 32: CLASS A • CISPR 24 • AS/NZS CISPR32 • VCCI- CISPR32: CLASS A • GB9254 CLASS A
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2011/65/EU EN 50581 • 2012/19/EU EN 50419 • (EC) No.1907/2006 • GB/T 26572 • ETSI EN 300 019-1-1 • ETSI EN 300 019-1-2 • ETSI EN 300 019-1-3 • ETSI EN 300 753 GR63

Note

EMC: electromagnetic compatibility

CISPR: International Special Committee on Radio Interference

EN: European Standard

ETSI: European Telecommunications Standards Institute

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

FCC: Federal Communication Commission

IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission

AS/NZS: Australian/New Zealand Standard

VCCI: Voluntary Control Council for Interference

UL: Underwriters Laboratories

CSA: Canadian Standards Association

Optical transceivers and Cables

Part	Product
GE-SFP Optical Transceivers	
SFP-1000BaseT	Electrical Transceiver, SFP, GE, Electrical Interface Module (100m, RJ45)
eSFP-GE-SX-MM850	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, Multi-mode Module (850nm, 0.55km, LC)
SFP-GE-LX-SM1310	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, Single-mode Module (1310nm, 10km,LC)
S-SFP-GE-LH40-SM1310	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, Single-mode Module(1310nm,40km,LC)
S-SFP-GE-LH80-SM1550	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, Single-mode Module(1550nm,80km,LC)
BIDI-SFP Optical Transceivers	
SFP-GE-LX-SM1490-BIDI	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, BIDI Single-mode Module (TX1490/RX1310, 10km,LC)
SFP-GE-LX-SM1310-BIDI	Optical Transceiver, eSFP, GE, BIDI Single-mode Module (TX1310/RX1490, 10km, LC)
SFP-10G-BXU1	10GBase,BIDI Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Single-mode Module(TX1270nm/RX1330nm,10km,LC)
SFP-10G-BXD1	10GBase,BIDI Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Single-mode Module(TX1330nm/RX1270nm,10km,LC)
10GE-SFP+ Optical Transceivers	
SFP-10G-USR	10GBase-USR Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Multi-mode Module (850nm, 0.1km, LC)
OMXD30000	Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Multi-mode Module(850nm,0.3km,LC)
SFP-10G-LR	Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Single-mode Module(1310nm,10km,LC)
OSX040N01	Optical Transceiver,SFP+,10G,Single-mode Module(1550nm,40km,LC)
SFP-10G-ZR	10GBase-ZR Optical Transceiver, SFP+, 10G, Single-mode Module (1550nm, 80km, LC)
SFP-10G-iLR	Optical Transceiver,SFP+,9.8G,Single-mode Module(1310nm,1.4km,LC)
40GE-QSFP+ Optical Transceivers	
QSFP-40G-SR-BD	40GBase-BD Optical Transceiver,QSFP+,40G,Multi-mode (850nm,0.1km,LC)
QSFP-40G-iSR4	40GBase-iSR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, Multi-mode (850nm, 0.15km, MPO) (Connect to four SFP+ Optical Transceiver)
QSFP-40G-eSR4	40GBase-eSR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, Multi-mode (850nm, 0.3km, MPO) (Connect to four SFP+ Optical Transceiver)
QSFP-40G-LR4	40GBase-LR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40GE, Single-mode Module (1310nm, 10km, LC)
QSFP-40G-LR4-Lite	QSFP-40G-LR4-Lite,40GBase-LR4 Lite Optical Transceiver,QSFP+,40G,Single-mode Module(1310nm,2km,LC)
QSFP-40G-ER4	40GBase-ER4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, Single-mode Module (1310nm, 40km, LC)
QSFP-40G-SDLC-PAM	40GBase-SDLC Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, Multi-mode (850nm, PAM4, 0.1km, LC)
QSFP-40G-eSDLC-PAM	40GBase-eSDLC Optical Transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, Multi-mode (850nm, PAM4, 0.3km, LC)
100GE-QSFP28 Optical Transceivers	
QSFP-100G-SWDM4	100GBase-SWDM4 Optical Transceiver,QSFP+,100GE,Multi-mode Module(850,0.075km-OM3,0.1km-OM4,LC)
QSFP28-100G-SR4	100GBase-SR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Multi-mode (850nm, 0.1km, MPO)

Part	Product
QSFP28-100G-SR4-NT	100GBase-SR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Multi-mode (850nm, 0.1km, MPO, NT) ,20-60C
QSFP28-100G-LR4	100GBase-LR4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Single-mode module (1310nm, 10km, LC)
QSFP-100G-CWDM4	100GBase-CWDM4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Single-mode module (1310nm, 2km, LC)
QSFP-100G-CWDM4-NT	100GBase-CWDM4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Single-mode module (1310nm, 2km, LC, NT) ,20-65C
QSFP-100G-eCWDM4	100GBase-eCWDM4 Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Single-mode module (1310nm, 10km, LC)
QSFP-100G-ER4-Lite	100GBase-ER4-Lite Optical Transceiver, QSFP28, 100G, Single-mode module (1310nm, 30km(FEC OFF), 40km(FEC ON), LC)
AOC High-Speed Cables	
SFP-10G-AOC-5M	Active Optical Cable , SFP+, 10G, (850nm, 5m, AOC)
SFP-10G-AOC-10M	AOC Optical Transceiver, SFP+, 850nm, 1G~10G, 10m
SFP-10G-AOC-3M	Optical transceiver, SFP+, 1G~10.5G, (850nm, 3m, AOC)
QSFP-H40G-AOC10M	Optical transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, (850nm, 10m, AOC)
QSFP-4SFP10-AOC10M	Optical transceiver, QSFP+, 40G, (850nm, 10m, AOC)(Connect to four SFP+ Optical Transceiver)
QSFP-100G-AOC-10M	Active Optical Cable, QSFP28, 100G, (850nm, 10m, AOC)
QSFP-100G-AOC-30M	Active Optical Cable, QSFP28, 100G, (850nm, 30m, AOC)
Copper Cable	
SFP-10G-CU1M	SFP+, 10G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 1m, SFP+20M, CC2P0.254B(S), SFP+20M, Used indoor
SFP-10G-CU3M	SFP+, 10G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 3m, SFP+20M, CC2P0.254B(S), SFP+20M, Used indoor
SFP-10G-CU5M	SFP, 10G, High Speed Cable, 5m, SFP+20M, CC2P0.254B(S), SFP+20M, LSF RZH For Indoor
SFP-10G-AC10M	SFP+, 10G, Active High Speed Cables, 10m, SFP+20M, CC2P0.32B(S), SFP+20M, Used indoor
QSFP-40G-CU1M	QSFP+, 40G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 1m, QSFP+38M, CC8P0.254B(S), QSFP+38M, Used indoor
QSFP-40G-CU3M	QSFP+, 40G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 3m, QSFP+38M, CC8P0.32B(S), QSFP+38M, Used indoor
QSFP-40G-CU5M	QSFP+, 40G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 5m, QSFP+38M, CC8P0.40B(S), QSFP+38M, Used indoor
QSFP-4SFP10G-CU1M	QSFP+, 4SFP+10G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 1m, QSFP+38M, CC8P0.254B(S), 4*SFP+20M, Used indoor
QSFP-4SFP10G-CU3M	QSFP+, 4SFP+10G, High Speed Direct-attach Cables, 3m, QSFP+38M, CC8P0.32B(S), 4*SFP+20M, Used indoor
QSFP-4SFP10G-CU5M	QSFP+, 4SFP+10G, High Speed Direct-attach

Part	Product
	Cables,5m,QSFP+38M,CC8P0.4B(S),4*SFP+20M,Used indoor

Ordering Information

Basic Configuration	
CE16804-AH	CE16804 AC/HVDC assembly chassis
CE16804-DC	CE16804 DC assembly chassis
CE16804A-B00	CE16804 AC Bundle0 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,3*SFU04F,2*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16804A-B01	CE16804 AC Bundle1 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,4*SFU04F,4*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16804A-B02	CE16804 AC Bundle2 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,5*SFU04G,4*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16808-AH	CE16808 AC/HVDC assembly chassis
CE16808-DC	CE16808 DC assembly chassis
CE16808A-B00	CE16808 AC Bundle0 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,3*SFU08F,2*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16808A-B01	CE16808 AC Bundle1 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,4*SFU08F,4*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16808A-B02	CE16808 AC Bundle2 (AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis, 2* MPUD,5*SFU08G,4*3000W AC & HVDC, full Fans)
CE16816-AH	CE16816 AC/HVDC assembly chassis
CE16816-DC	CE16816 DC assembly chassis

Main Processing Unit	
CE-MPUD-HALF	CE16800 Main Processing Unit D (half-width)
CE-MPUD-FULL	CE16800 Main Processing Unit D (full-width)

Switch Fabric Unit	
CE-SFU04F-G	CE16804 Switch Fabric Unit F
CE-SFU04G-G	CE16804 Switch Fabric Unit G
CE-SFU08F-G	CE16808 Switch Fabric Unit F
CE-SFU08G-G	CE16808 Switch Fabric Unit G
CE-SFU16F-G	CE16816 Switch Fabric Unit F
CE-SFU16G-G	CE16816 Switch Fabric Unit G

10GBASE-X Interface Card

CEL48XSFD-G	48-port 10GE interface card (FD-G, SFP+)
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40GE Interface Card

CEL24LQFD-G	24-port 40GE interface card (FD-G, QSFP+)
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CEL36LQFD-G	36-port 40GE interface card (FD-G, QSFP+)
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100GE Interface Card

CEL18CQFD-G	18-port 100GE interface card (FD-G, QSFP28)
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CEL36CQFD-G	36-port 100GE interface card (FD-G, QSFP28)
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Power

PAH-3000WA	3000W Dual Inputs AC&HVDC Power Module
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PDC-2200WC	PSU-PDC-2200WC-PM2200W DC Power Supply
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Software

N1-CE168LIC-CFMM	N1-CloudFabric Management SW License for CloudEngine 16800
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N1-CE168CFMM-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Management SW License for CloudEngine 16800-SnS-1 Year
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N1-CE168LIC-CFFD	N1-CloudFabric Foundation SW License for CloudEngine 16800 (N1-CE168LIC-CFFD software is applicable to single DC scenarios, includes basic L2/L3 functions and features such as VXLAN, EVPN, Telemetry and Agile Controller-DCN)
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N1-CE168CFFD-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Foundation SW License for CloudEngine 16800-SnS-1 Year
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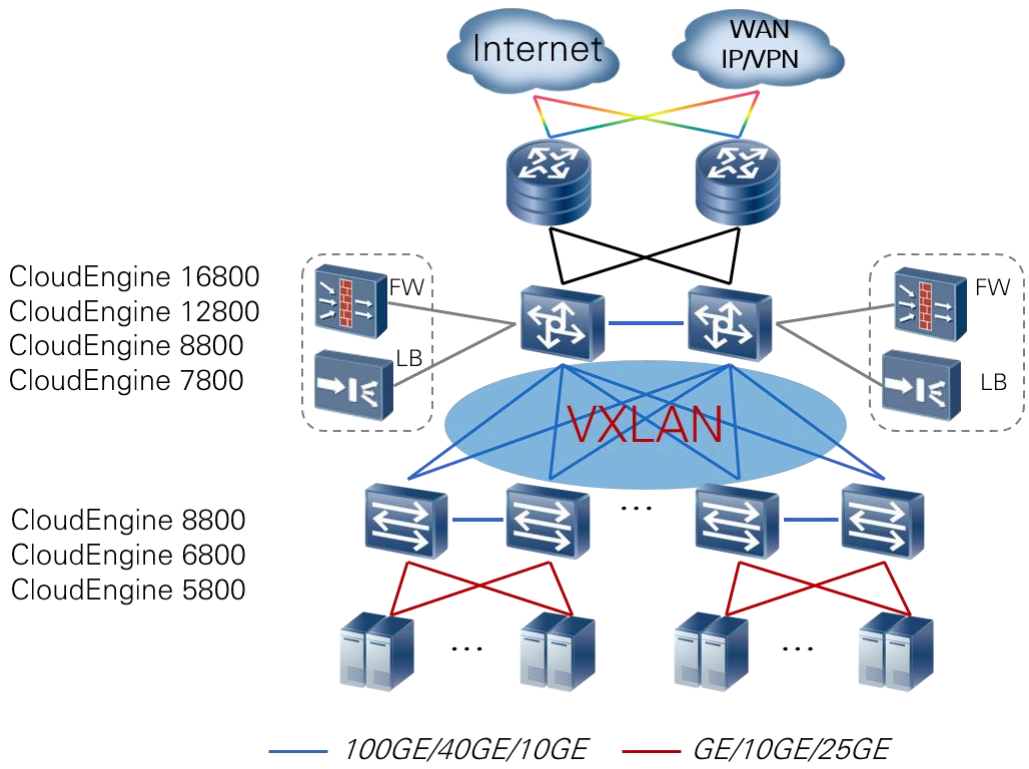
N1-CE168LIC-CFAD	N1-CloudFabric Advanced SW License for CloudEngine 16800 (N1-CE168LIC-CFAD software is applicable to multiple DC scenarios, includes all the functions of the N1-CE168LIC-CFFD software package and NSH function)
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N1-CE168CFAD-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Advanced SW License for CloudEngine 16800-SnS-1 Year
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Networking and Application

Data Center Applications

On a typical data center network, CloudEngine 16800 switches work as core switches, whereas CloudEngine 8800/CloudEngine 6800/CloudEngine 5800 switches work as TOR switches and connect to the core switches using 100GE/40GE/10GE ports. The core and TOR switches use fabric technologies such as VXLAN to build a non-blocking large Layer 2 network, which allows for large-scale VM migration and flexible service deployment.



Note: VXLAN can also be used on campus networks to support flexible service deployment in different service areas.

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